THE ELKHORN MERCURY

VOLUME XXXIX. ELKHORN, THURSDAY, MARCH 15, 1945 NUMBER 28

For This Week!

1lb. bgs. Sodas Per bag **19c**

Jello Puddins 3 for **25c**

Vegetable Deal: 1 can Corn, 1 Carrots 1 jar Beets for **45c**

Habacure Curing Salt 5lb. ctn $1 10lb." **$1.75**

Canned Salmon 1's, tin **15c**

Catsup 26oz. Bottle **27c**

2 lb. tins PLUM JAM Per tin **35c**

W. O. RUDD

General Merchant

Telehpone No. 6 - ELKHORN, Manitoba

Beautiful SPRING Goods Now In Stock!

Choose your Spring Outfit while choice is good

Just Arrived---BEMBERGS, SPUN RAYONS, in one and two-piece styles.

Take advantage of our NON-ADVERTISED GROCERY SPECIALS!

WE SPECIALIZE IN OVERSEAS PARCELS

BRYCE'S BREAD AND PASTRY FRESH DAILY

Ross' General Store

Telephone No. 24 - - ELKHORN, Man.

Cold Pack Canners

---for preserving fruit and canning vegetables. You can save real money with one of these modern up-to-date household helps. Made in 7 one quart jar sizes.

OSMOSE

Special Fence Post Mixture Wood Preservative ---Posts, don't let them rot! Treat them well--- it pays. 3 to 5 times added life assured. Treats all kinds of green or dry wood.

BEAVER LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED

SPRING GOODS Just Arrived!

MEN'S--- 3-piece SUIT Special	$29.50	BOY'S--- DRESS PANTS Pair	$2.25
Zipper OVERALLS Blue, pair	$3.25	SWEATERS $2.95 to	$1.00
DRESS PANTS Pair	$3.95	CAPS $1.25 to	95c
LADIES'--- HOUSE DRESSES $2.25 and	$1.59	LADIES'--- SKIRTS $3.95 to	$2.95
STREET Dresses $15.85 to	$2.95	WINDOW SHADES for	75c
BLOUSES $3.95 to	$1.95	Kitchen Curtains Pair $2.50 and	$1.50

PAINT - WALLPAPER - KALSOMINE

Buy NOW while selections are good!

G. E. BARTLEY

We're Ready To Serve United Store ELKHORN, Phone 4

FARMERS *look to the* FUTURE

MECHANIZATION AND THE FUTURE

By Mr. L. B. Thompson, Superintendent, Experimental Station, Department of Agriculture, Swift Current, Sask.

NOTE—This is the fourth of a series of comments by well known prairie authorities, written expressly for the Weekly Press of Western Canada.)

Mechanization will win the war and mechanization will win the peace. This statement has been made many times and the significance of it is just as true with agriculture as it is in the major task of winning the war. Due to the restrictions of war, such as labor, limited equipment supply, etc., it has been necessary for the farmer to apply mechanics more than ever in producing the increased food supplies. Likewise in the national tragedy of the early thirties when drought and soil drifting ravaged the prairies, the use of proper equipment was a key factor to adequately meet the problem. Lack of purchasing power at that time prohibited the use of the right type of equipment to meet specialized soil erosion problems. Now that the agricultural income has improved there every reason to believe that planned mechanization for more efficient production is necessary, not only to obtain better returns from the soil but to place quality products on the world markets in competition with other countries.

Mechanization does not necessarily mean the purchase of large numbers of farm machines and equipment. The wholesale distribution of machines in places where they are not suitable will just lead to further soil erosion problems. Mechanization or the application of mechanical principles to efficient production must consider the soil conservation problems. The influencing factors are the conservation of soil moisture, the control of soil erosion by wind and water. The importance of these factors varies with the different soil types and climatic conditions. To achieve the best soil moisture conservation on the brown and dark brown soils of the prairies requires the use of the right type of farm equipment. No one implement can be expected to do a 100 per cent tillage job. Many changes in tillage machinery are taking place. It is well, therefore, for farmers to study the newer types of blade machines, special cultivators, and the different types of one-way discs, and many others. Their proper use is extremely important in all soil zones to reduce the soil drifting menace. In soil erosion by water, specialized equipment is necessary to reduce the soil drifting menace. In soil erosion by water, specialized equipment is necessary to reduce the hazards of this problem. An intensive study is required to determine the use of these machines, either for individual use or where the custom principle is applicable.

In livestock production mechanization to reduce costs is very important. Improved heavy machinery is necessary to reduce the cost of harvesting hay crops. Many mechanical appliances can improve the facilities for producing quality livestock products.

Farmers are making many plans for the future. These plans cannot be completed in five years, but the task ahead should be viewed at least 25 years or more ahead. Temporary measures may limit the productive capacity of the soil in future years.

In addition to the conservation of moisture and the soil, it is necessary to consider a further conservation—and that is finance. To achieve the objectives of all soil conservation principles with the application of mechanization, a reserve of purchasing power to meet the need when it arises is sound business. Security for the future planning is of paramount importance. Already many farmers have reserves in Victory Bonds, War Savings Certificates, and the like. The wise and well planned use of these securities for future mechanization will enable a steady and progressive production. A stampede of spending in post-war years may impede production instead of helping it. Government securities are backed by the ability of the Canadian people to use the natural resources.

The ability of the farmer to use these securities in making agriculture more profitable and more permanent will be the key towards a sound Canadian economy in the future.

RED CROSS WOMEN'S SECTION

At the regular monthly meeting held last Friday, the members of the Woman's Work Branch expressed their appreciation of all the assistance given them to help make their carnival so successful.

Two hundred dollars was voted to the Prisoners of War Fund and $10.00 to the local Campaign Fund.

Mrs. Norris gave a report on the Red Cross Annual Meeting held in Winnipeg recently. She told how the Red Cross V.A.D.s gave assistance to the dependents of Canadian Servicemen, from the time they left their homes in Britain until they were met by friends in this country. From the quota of material and wool allowed the Manitoba Division, over half a million articles have been completed, including 11,300 long-sleeved service sweaters. Manitoba now has 25 blood donor clinics in operation. Out of six P. of W. packing plants in Canada, Winnipeg centre had the distinction of packing the most parcels, having turned out 1,084,710 during 1944. 750 volunteer women workers (150 for each of five days a week) do the actual packing. Junior Red Cross has an enrollment of over 70,000 members, collecting over $60,500.00 last year. They help crippled children, have endowed a cot in Children's Hospital and gave a substantial donation to the Institute for the Blind.

Five quilts, four of them sent in by Burnbank, were forwarded to the Headquarters last week.

Work meetings Tuesday afternoons and evenings until further notice.

POST OFFICE NOTE

Out-of-date, addresses complicate handling of Armed Forces Mail — The use of obsolete addresses on mail to the Armed Forces overseas is still causing the Directory Section at the Base Post Office to cope with some 21,000 letters and 5,000 parcels monthly, all improperly addressed. Obviously considerable extra work is placed on the Postal corps through oversight or neglect on the part of the senders and the possibilities of delay in forwarding mail is greatly increased.

In some cases delivery was quite imposible and it was necessary to return the letters to the senders in cases where a return address was provided—where the return address was not provided the mail had to be forwarded to the Dead Letter office.

The name of the Military Unit is omitted from much of the mail handled by the Directory Service. This is comparable to the omission of the street or rural route and town from an ordinary letter.

One main cause of incorrectly addressed mail having been received at the Base Post Office was the use of obsolete mailing lists. Firms mailing employees' publications, church organizations, clubs and patriotic associations which mail letters or parcels to former employees or groups of individuals on Service, frequently neglect to keep their mailing lists of those on Active Serivce up-to-date. Often addresses are used of units to which the men have not belonged for a year or more—in several cases the men had actually returned to Canada.

WILLIAM H. LEE

FUNERAL DIRECTOR & LICENSED EMBALMER

Efficient & Courteous Service

ELKHORN

Phones: Day 6 Night 36

Red Cross Drive is Going Well Indeed

Treasurer Corbett was able to send $600.00 of the campaign fund collections into Red Cross Headquarters on Monday. He has still cash on hand also, and it is estimated that approximately $1,000.00 has been subscribed in Elkhorn and district since the drive for funds started. There are still a number of reports to come in and this makes us feel that we should equal if not better last year's results.

The local executive takes this opportunity of urging all who have not been asked to subscribe to phone he Elkhorn Headquarters or get into touch with your nearest canvasser.

The campaign should conclude this week and all funds must be paid in to the treasurer promptly. Will canvassers who have not yet reported co-operate in this matter.

Reports of collections will be made in our next issue and the following week we hope to be in a position to publish a list of the subscribers.

NEVER A DULL MOMENT!

There's never a dull moment all the way from Montreal to Toronto! That's what Mrs. Anita Whaley of the Nursing Auxiliary Section, Canadian Red Cross Corps, said after a recent trip. A registered nurse, Mrs. Whaley has been on hand to escort almost every group of British war brides arriving in Canada.

These Red Crossers go to Montreal, receive their final instructions from militaty authorities and escort their Ontario and points west charges back to Toronto. The primary duty of these voluntary workers is to protect the welfare of the newly arrived British mothers and children. Their routine includes such items as caring for and feeding the babies,

Continued on back page

RED & WHITE Food Stores

BLACK CURRANT Jam No 4 pails for **80c**

BLACKBERRY JAM No 4 pails Each **72c**

HONEY 2 lb. cartons **42c**

ROGER'S Syrup No. 10 tins **$1.29**

ROGER'S SYRUP No. 2 tins **27c**

GREEN GAGE JAM No. 2 tins Each **25c**

CANNED GOODS SPECIAL

1 tin Green Beans
2 tins Choice Peas
2 tins Tomato Juice
ALL 5 TINS for **65c**

McGAVIN'S BREAD CAKES AND PASTRY ALWAYS FRESH

Red & White Stores

W. H. Tottle, Proprietor

Phone 37 Elkhorn

FAMILY ALLOWANCES

Important Message to Parents

On or about July 1, 1945, the Dominion Government at Ottawa will start making payments under the new Family Allowance Act. If births of any of your children have not been registered in the Vital Statistics office, IT IS VITALLY IMPORTANT THAT YOU DO SO IMMEDIATELY, OTHERWISE PAYMENTS TO YOU MAY BE DELAYED.

ACT NOW!

Don't wait another day. It is in your own interests to look into this matter AT ONCE! If you are not sure whether births have been registered, simply write to Department of Health and Public Welfare, Division of Vital Statistics, Winnipeg. Give name, date and place of birth of each child, also names of parents. Fee for this necessary service is very small.

Department of Health and Public Welfare

HON. IVAN SCHULTZ, K.C., Minister

McLeods' Theatre, Elkhorn

Showing Thurs. & Friday, Mar. 22-23, 8.15 p.m.; Sat. Mar. 24, 7.30 & 9.30

Michael O'SHEA and Susan HAYWARD in

" JACK LONDON "

with Osa Massen, Harry Davenport, Frank Graven Virginia Mayo, Ralph Morgan, Louise Beavers

Short Subjects Comic & Paramount News

ADMISSION: Adults 25c Plus War Tax 5c and 2c Child'n 15c

St. Mark's Anglican Church Elkhorn, Man. — 11.00 a.m. SUNDAY, MARCH 18th

We Welcome You to Morning Prayer on Sunday

Wednesday March 21, 8 p.m.—Lenten Service. These Special Lenten Services are Services of Intercession for the Armed Forces.

"All men desire peace, but few men desire those things that make for peace."—Thomas A' Kempis.

Good News!
FOR FOLKS WITH SNIFFLY
Head Colds

Special Double-Duty Nose Drops Works Fast Right Where Trouble Is!

Quick relief from the sneezy, stuffy distress of head colds is what you want. So try Va-tro-nol—a few drops up each nostril—to soothe irritation, reduce congestion. You'll welcome the relief that comes! Va-tro-nol also helps prevent many colds from developing if used in time. Try it! Follow directions in folder.

VICKS VA-TRO-NOL

Prosperity For Agriculture

THE PEOPLE OF WESTERN CANADA have always been known for their optimistic and for their firm faith in the future of this part of Canada, in spite of the fact that agriculture, upon which the prosperity and progress of the Prairies depend, has been beset by many difficulties from the time the land was first settled. Drought, rust, frost, insects, and adverse economic conditions are among the problems with which the farmers have had to deal. Some have been successfully solved by the farmers themselves, others have been overcome with the help of scientists and economists. By these means, farming conditions have steadily improved. Rust and frost resistant wheats have been developed, new insecticides and fertilizers have been put on the market, while farmers' organizations and other interested groups have worked to improve prices and other economic factors affecting agriculture.

• • • • •

Increase In Farm Income

A recent survey of farming conditions in Canada shows that at the present time the average Canadian farmer owns more property, is in a better cash position, and has fewer debts, than ever before in history. These improved conditions are attributed largely to the fact that farm prices increased by sixty per cent. between the years 1939 and 1944 while during the same period there was a fifty per cent. increase in agricultural production. As a result of this, the farm income is at present almost twice as large as it was before 1939, and farmers are now believed to be in as favourable a situation as they were during the period of prosperity which they enjoyed between the years 1926 and 1929. This comparison is made on the basis of the relation between farm prices and cost of living now and in the earlier period.

• • • • •

Many Employed In Agriculture

Records show that the greatest expansion in Canadian agriculture took place in the years between 1914 and 1918, when the land under cultivation was expanded by 18,000,000 acres. This expansion resulted in our having large amounts of wheat for export and in prices becoming subject to the influence of world market conditions. One of the greatest problems of past years has been the marketing of our surplus agricultural products, and upon the solution of this problem rests much of the hope for the continued prosperity of those on the land. This is a matter of wide concern, for agriculture is considered to be Canada's greatest industry, employing twenty-five per cent. of all the gainfully occupied people in the Dominion, and thirty per cent. of all the gainfully occupied men. Provision has been made for increased economic support for Canadian farmers after the war, and this, combined with recommendations made at the recent Breton Woods Conference in respect to improved world trade conditions, may lead to the removal of one of the most serious hazards to the farming industry.

Sea-Going Movies

Provide Much Entertainment For Men Of Royal Canadian Navy

The sea-going movies of the turbulent North Atlantic are just as popular as the land theatres, even if it does sometimes take two men to hold down the projector and another to keep the screen steady on a rolling sea.

Few theatres anywhere serve a better purpose than the makeshift layouts in the mess decks of 175 ships of the Royal Canadian Navy where 16 Mm. copies of major film productions are shown in all-weather and latitudes from Halifax to North Russia.

These films for navymen are rented by the Royal Canadian Naval Film Society, a non-profit organization run entirely within the naval service to provide naval officers and ratings with film entertainment wherever they may be.

Films are rented by the ships and at sea and in remote ports are passed from ship to ship.

Navymen in ships pay five cents each to rent the films they take to sea with them. This assessment works out to approximately $1 for a minesweeper and $10 for a destroyer. The cost of each case is footed by the ships' canteen fund as the cash out-of-pocket expense to the man in the lower deck is nil.

MADE A MISTAKE

Napoleon once sent troops to take possession of Australia. They landed and named the colony "Terre Napoleon", but while the French commander an amateur naturalist, had gone inland to hunt butterflies the British arrived and captured the entire garrison.

RUB OUT THAT COLD WITH—

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

A Handsome Gift

Albums Were A Magnificent Example Of Modern Russian Craftsmanship

The second anniversary of the defeat of the Germans at Stalingrad was happily marked at an Anglo-Russian gathering in London, when gifts sent by the City Council and people of that heroic city were handed over to British craftsmen who made the Sword of Honor presented by the King of Stalingrad.

Mr. Sobolex described the 18 albums presented as a "modest gift", but in fact they are magnificent examples of modern Russian craftsmanship. Bound in ribbed scarlet silk with a gilt clasp, each of the large albums contains a photographic record of life in Stalingrad before, during, and after the memorable siege, with greetings to the British people signed by representative citizens, reproductions of the messages congratulating Marshal Stalin on the victory by Mr. Churchill and Mr. Roosevelt, and a pictorial record of the presentation of the sword. Each album is enclosed in a casket of carved walnut, the name of the recipient being engraved on the gilt plate. The albums were designed and made by Stalingrad craftsmen.

The widow of Mr. R. M. Y. Gleadowe, the designer of the sword, was the first to receive an album.—London Times.

Canada Walk

Street In London May Be Named In Honor Of Dominion

London County Council, Holborn Borough Council has decided to ask the L.C.C. to name the north side of Lincoln's Inn Fields as Canada Walk further to commemorate the cordial relations during the war between the Royal Canadian Air Force and the citizens of Holborn.

It was on the north side of Lincoln's Inn Fields that a maple tree, the gift of the mayor and citizens of Ottawa, Ontario, had been planted recently by the Mayor of Holborne, Alfred Wilfred E. Mullen.

MANY BIG WARS

There have been 902 big wars since 500 B.C. France was involved in 185 of these, Britain in 176, Russia in 151 and Austria in 131.

2611

New Type Of Drill

Digs Holes For Telegraph Poles Or Fence Posts

A revolutionary drill which will dig holes for telegraph poles or fence posts in less than three minutes has been introduced in Canada by the Canadian National Telegraphs and is now in use along the company's lines, it is announced by A. P. Linnell, general superintendent, Western region. The new equipment saves about one hour's time per post compared with that required by hand digging in average ground and up to seven and eight hours through frost and hard pan.

The drill is installed on the back of a standard D-2 Caterpillar tractor and will dig to a depth of seven feet. It also has a changeable auger and will dig a hole up to 24 inches in width. The C.N. Telegraphs is presently using 16-inch and 20-inch augers. The drill will dig a hole at almost any angle.

As previously used in parts of the United States, the drill has been mounted on a trailer, but the C.N. Telegraph engineers found that a tractor is far more practical as it allows the drill to be moved rapidly over almost any type of ground. The tractor has been installed with a longer than standard tread to offset a tendency to tilt when the digging machine is under power, the bumper at the front has been replaced with a heavy counter-weight.

Gears for the operation of the drill are fitted to the power take-off on the tractor and a winch has also been installed to raise and lower the poles in the holes.

The apparatus, which is the property of the C.N. Telegraphs, is presently being used at Lundar, about 70 miles north of Winnipeg, where it has proven most efficient, even under extreme winter conditions. Mr. Linnell states the drill will be employed at various other parts of the western region as needed.

Has A Variety

Hats Mr. Churchill Wears Are Of Many Different Styles

Hats make all the difference in the world, as any woman will affirm. Mr. Churchill has quite a variety of them. His caracul, pillbox fur, which he wore at the Teheran conference, gave him a Slavonic touch. His bowler is in the best tradition of the English squire. His homburg is likewise the typical Londoner, and his silk topper makes him every inch the British Prime Minister. His "Nigara fedora", with its wrap brim pulled down in front is quite American. Most startling of all is the western sombrero which changes him entirely, and gives him the appearance of a two-gun sheriff in Dodge City or some such place in the eighties of the last century, when a man had to be quick on the draw and shoot just once. Yes sir; male hats are almost as important as millinery.—Hamilton Spectator.

Accepts Invitation

Mrs. Winston Churchill Will Visit Russian Red Cross Societies

Mrs. Winston Churchill has accepted an invitation from the Soviet government and Red Cross and Red Crescent societies of U.S.S.R. to visit Russia, and has arranged to go early in the spring, it has been learned.

This will be Mrs. Churchill's first visit to Russia. She inaugurated the Red Cross Aid To Russia fund which up to the end of last year had raised about $27,000,000 and had shipped about 15,000 tons of medical supplies to U.S.S.R.

Price Control And Rationing Information

Q.—Under the rental regulations of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board will it be necessary for me to have my board and room rate approved before taking in a boarder?

A.—Landladies, who are providing room and board for the first time, may set their own rates. Should the boarder feel that the rates are out of line with similar accommodation in the neighborhood, he may refer the matter to the rentals department of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board for adjustment.

—o—

Q.—Now that cuffs are allowed on men's trousers, I would like to know whether a tailor can put cuffs on ladies' slacks.

A.—No. Cuffs are not allowed on ladies' slacks. However, if you wish pleats on your slacks, these are permitted.

—o—

Q.—When our sugar ration is so strict, I can't see why a restaurant is allowed to waste sugar by serving it with tea and coffee when the customer hasn't even asked for it.

A.—Public eating places are prohibited from serving sugar with tea or coffee, cereal or fruit unless it is requested by the customer.

—o—

Q.—Are the prices of seeds and plants controlled by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board?

A.—No. The prices of seeds and plants are exempt from Board regulations.

—o—

Please send your questions or your request for the pamphlet "Consumers' News" or the Blue Book in which you keep track of your ceiling prices, mentioning the name of this paper to the nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board office in your province.

Getting It Back

United States Sold Scrap Metal To Japan Which Is Being Used For Munitions

The spectroscope shows that the Japanese are still shooting United States scrap metal at U.S. soldiers.

This is reported in a study made by metallurgists of the Battelle Memorial Institute for the U.S. Army and the Navy Ordnance departments and the Office of Scientific Research and Development.

The spectroscope is the eye which metallurgists use to identify the presence of atoms by the light they emit. It shows, even down to one part in a million, whatever trace of any metal is present.

"The laboratory data show," says the report, "from the presence of residuals, that the scrap which the United States sold to Japan before the war plays a considerable part in the munitions being used against us."

In Civilian Life

Royal Navy Volunteer Reserve Officers Had Varied Occupations

On a single course in H.M.S. Lochinvar recently, the R.N.V.R. (Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve) officers under instruction included those who in civilian life had been a Local Government clerk, a surveyor's assistant, a chemist, a shop manager, a school master, a chartered accountant, a printer, a bank cashier, a glove salesman in the woollen trade, an inspector of the Metropolitan Police, a fur buyer, a display artist, a fiction writer, an architect, a cabinet-maker, and an Australian sheep-farmer.

Ether was not put to any practical use until 1842, although it was discovered in the 18th century.

Canadians "Hang On" In Forward Drive

Infantrymen of the First Canadian Army cling to each other for support as they ride forward on a lurching tank in the Reichswald Forest sector in pursuit of the enemy.

MACDONALD'S
BRIER
Canada's Standard Smoke

'Here a CWAC There a CWAC'

MEET A CWAC—

"Detailed for domesticity" is the hope of Sgt. Barbara Leonard Ogema, Sask., and it can't happen too soon—though she does enjoy her army work very much. Barbara was one of the early members of the C.W.A.C. in Saskatchewan, in fact she holds more or less of a service record with the Royal Canadian Ordnance Corps having gone to work with them the day after she enlisted and been there ever since. Hoping to live the domestic life and being a practical soul, Barbara has set about preparing herself for the future. She spends at least two evenings a week at night school studying cooking and sewing. Her husband, now on the Western Front, is overseas for the second time. The first time was before they were married and he was there for a year and a half, returning in 1942. They were married in December of that year and he was posted overseas again. He's been there over two and a half years this time. In the meantime, Barbara with her night school and her post war plans intends to be amply prepared for the day when she is "detailed to domesticity".

• • • •

TOGETHER—

"Route aides" they were, now they're "CWAC aids" but still together. In civilian life Mary Mills and Rosalind Sherman handled messages—hundreds of them for the Canadian National Telegraphs in Winnipeg. In the army they don't know what they'll be doing, but whatever it is they hope it's together. In the meantime they are going on Basic Training. Mary Mills is a Manitoba girl, daughter of Gilbert Mills, Winnipeg. Rosalind Sherman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Sherman, Prince Albert, was born at Paddockwood, Sask.

• • • •

GRADUATE—

Seventy-five members of the C.W.A.C. took part in the recent graduation day exercises held at No. 3 CWAC (B) T.C., Kitchener, Ont. Included in the graduating class were a number of Western girls among them being: Ptes. G. I. Airth, Stonewall, Man.; E. M. Hurd, Woodmere, Man.; A. E. Loney, Pine Creek, Man.; J. V. Fox and H. M. Smith, Swift Current, Sask.; L. M. Anderson, White Fox, Sask.; J. L. Hart, Landis, Sask.; H. Haubrich, Hodgeville, Sask.; E. H. Thurston, Vonda, Sask.; J. M. Fourneir, Pincher Creek, Alta.; A. Howden, Seebe, Alta.; E. M. Walker, Pashley, Alta.

• • • • •

MARRIED—

Her khaki uniform was put aside for a floor-length gown of filmy white chiffon when Pte. Fern Florence Davidson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Davidson, Tisdale, became the bride of Pte. Neil Brown, Mount Forest, Ont., at a wedding ceremony held in Bordon, Hants, England recently. Completing her wedding ensemble, the bride wore a finger-tip veil of embroidered white net and carried an arm bouquet of pink mums. She was given in marriage by L/Cpl. M. Durand, Regina. Pte. Ruth Grant, Hardwood Lands, N.S., was her only attendant.

• • • •

ENLISTS—

Miss Loretta Dora Kerschtien, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Kerschtien, Steen, Sask., enlisted in the Canadian Women's Army Corps at Fort Osborne Barracks in Winnipeg recently. Born at Swift Current, she was a student nurse at Brandon Mental Hospital prior to her enlistment. Her sister, Cpl. Edna Kerschtien, is a member of the R.C.A.F. (W.D.) and until recently has been stationed at MacDonald, Man.

• • • • •

SHE'LL SAY IT EVERYTIME—

CWAC Sergeant: Where's Pte. Buttercup? I've been looking for her all evening.—

Penelope CWAC: I think she took the last draft overseas.

The art of weaving asbestos was known to the ancients. It was rediscovered in 1720 in the Ural mountain regions.

Paid The Price

Forty-Six Allied Countries Admitted To World Security Conference

On the eve of March 1, the date beyond which no new belligerents could gain admittance to the San Francisco World Security conference, 46 Allied countries had paid the price of admission—they had declared war against either Germany or Japan.

Neutral were Switzerland, Sweden, Spain, Portugal and Argentina.

In between were five former Axis allies, Finland, Hungary, Italy, Bulgaria and Romania—now in varying stages of repentance and all at war with Axis countries.

SMILE AWHILE

Kate: "Where did Mabel get that awful hat?"

Ann: "She won't tell. I think it is a millinery secret."

• • • •

Guy: "Look here, it ain't sanitary to have a hog pen right under the house that way."

Si: "Well, I dunno, I ain't lost a hog for ten years."

• • • •

"Pardon me, sir," said the waiter, taking up the money, "but this includes nothing for the waiter."

"I didn't eat one, did I?" said the professor, glancing up from his book.

• • • •

Teacher: "Robert, give me a sentence which includes the word 'fascinate'."

Robert (after deep thought): "My father has a waistcoat with 10 buttons on, but he can only fasten eight."

• • • •

Caller: "I am so sorry your mistress is out. Do you think she will be at home this evening?"

Maid: "She'll have to be; it's my night out.

• • • •

Patient's Wife: "Is there any hope, doctor?"

Doctor: "Well, I don't know. What are you hoping for?"

• • • •

Barber: "Here comes a man for a shave."

Apprentice: "Let me practice on him."

Barber: "All right, but be careful not to cut yourself."

• • • •

"I like that dress you're wearing."

"I got it for my twentieth birthday."

"Really! It has worn well, hasn't it?"

• • • •

Prisoner: "Judge, I don't know what to do."

Judge: "Why, how's that?"

Prisoner: "I swore to tell the truth, but every time I try some lawyer objects."

• • • •

A certain officer's confidential report had written on it, by his commanding officer: "This officer should go far."

The Brigadier added: "The farther the better," and finally the divisional commander wrote: "He should start at once."

• • • •

A policeman, whose evidence was taken on commission, deposed: "The prisoner called me an ass, a precious dolt, a scarecrow, a ragamuffin and an idiot." And this being the conclusion of his depositions, his signature was preceded by the formal ending, "All of which I swear is true."

• • • •

Suitor—"I have come to ask for the hand of your daughter."

Father—"Which one, Jane or Helen?"

Suitor—"Jane, sir."

Father—"Do you make enough to support two?"

Suitor—"No, sir. One will be enough."

Clear Stuffy Heads

Relieve Choked Passages

Relieve mucus-choked nostrils . . . soothe inflamed membranes, breathe freely again . . . by using Mentholatum. Jars and tubes 30c.

MENTHOLATUM
Gives COMFORT Daily

HITLER EXHORTS GERMANS TO KEEP UP RESISTANCE UNTIL THE ALLIES BECOME WEARY

LONDON—Adolf Hitler, declaring the Allies are drunk by their orgy of victory, and intent to destroy the German nation, exhorted Germans to fanatical resistance until the Allies "get tired and will yet be broken."

"The year of 1918 will not be repeated," said a manifesto in Hitler's name marking the 10th anniversary of compulsory conscription. It was broadcast from Berlin.

Offering a pallid hope of distant victory, Hitler asserted only "those who suffer defeat will be unworthy of winning victory," and indicated Germany would fight on in guerilla resistance if her armies were smashed.

"We witness both in the east and in the west what our people would have to face. Our task is therefore clear. To put up resistance and to wear down our enemies so long that, until in the end they will get tired and will yet be broken. Everybody has therefore to fulfill his duty.

"It is my unshakeable determination and it must become the unshakeable will of us all to show the world no worse example than our forefathers have given," said the proclamation, dated at Hitler's headquarters.

"The year 1918 will not be repeated. We know the fate Germany will meet otherwise. Drunk by their orgy of victory, our enemies have clearly announced their war aims—extermination of the German nation."

GREETS CANADIANS

Commander Of Southwest Pacific Areas Welcomes Troops From Canada

NEW YORK—Canadian troops serving with the Australian army were welcomed and complimented by Gen. Sir Thomas Blamey, commander of the southwest Pacific areas, the Australian news and information bureau here reported.

The Canadians were chiefly technical specialists.

The bureau said Gen. Blamey stated the Australian army was anxious to have a greater representation from Canada in the southwest Pacific area.

It was estimated there are now nearly 1,000 army men of all ranks serving with Indian, Australian, New Zealand and American forces, ready to form the nucleus of the contemplated Canadian Pacific expedition.

NOT JUST REQUEST

SOMEWHERE IN GERMANY—German commanders have asked their soldiers to donate their March pay to the relief of refugees from eastern Germany. The commanders ordered that any soldiers who refused should be reported to headquarters.

● REMAINS SAME

OTTAWA—The Dominion bureau of statistics reported its official cost-of-living index, calculated on the basis that 1935-39 equals 100, remained unchanged at 118.6 between Jan. 2 and Feb. 1, 1945, for a wartime increase of 17.7 per cent.

BRITISH PRISONERS

Some Were Put To Death Before Bulgarian Armistice Signed

LONDON—War Secretary Sir James Grigg told the commons that some British prisoners in Bulgarian prison camps were put to death before the Bulgarian armistice was signed.

Between 50 and 60 British prisoners had been held in Bulgarian camps with Americans, who far outnumbered them, he said.

I regret to say that some of our prisoners were put to death," Grigg said. "It is not known how many, but the number is certainly under 10." He said the Britons had been treated brutally and their food was insufficient before the armistice.

Grigg said 42 Bulgarian officers and men are under arrest for maltreating prisoners. He refused to pledge that they would be punished by British authorities, saying that the question was a part of the greater issue of the international punishment of war criminals.

FARM WORKERS

Employed On Essential Industries - Now Return To Agriculture

OTTAWA—Labor Minister Mitchell announced selective service authorities have completed plans for the return to the farm of workers from agriculture who were temporarily employed during the winter months in other essential industries. The number is estimated at more than 40,000.

As was done last year, the dates by which farm workers must be released by employers in other industries will be fixed by localities. Dates for the different localities will be fixed and announced by regional superintendents at Winnipeg and Vancouver.

NO CHANGE SEEN

Oil Controller Says Gasoline Rationing Will Continue As Usual

TORONTO—Gasoline rationing in Canada will remain unchanged after April 1 as a result of increasing need of fuel for war front transportation, C. R. Cottrelle, oil controller for Canada, said in an address to the annual meeting of the Ontario Motor League here.

Fuel for each one of the reported 800 naval craft taking part in the Iwo Jima landings had to be moved from this side of the Pacific, he said, adding that all the petroleum products used for war craft in Europe must go from this continent and the Caribbean.

ON SUPPLY MISSION

PARIS—Clement Attlee, Britain's deputy prime minister, arrived in Paris on a supply mission to France and Belgium. He will discuss with the members of the French government the question of speeding up British supplies to help France.

CURRENT SHORTAGES OF GOODS NO REASON FOR PANIC BUYING SAYS PRICES BOARD CHAIRMAN

TORONTO—Canadians face the prospect of taking in a few more notches in their belts to meet home-front supply shortages which will not end until sometime after fighting ceases, but there is no reason for "panic buying," Donald Gordon, prices board chairman, said.

In an address prepared for delivery to the Women's Canadian club, Mr. Gordon reviewed methods being used by the board to distribute supplies equitably. His address was broadcast on a CBC (National) network.

A similar address was delivered in Montreal to the heads of Women's French-speaking associations by Senator Cyrille Vaillancourt, adviser to Mr. Gordon.

Mr. Gordon said there was always the possibility of rumors about shortages or anticipated rationing causing unforeseen consumer rushes which caused scarcities where scarcities need not exist. Control was not the cure for all the problems. Self-restraint and co-operation by the public could solve many of them more efficiently.

"We could and would introduce more rationing if conditions became really critical," Mr. Gordon continued. "But if, as we feel most shortages are only temporary, or if they can be cured by a combination of public restraint in buying and increased production quotas, then it would be foolish to embark upon an intricate and onerous system of rationing.

"Women could be of great service to their country by spreading the impression that the conduct of people who cheat and grab and hoard, or who deal in black markets or who brag about evading rationing or who complain and grumble about every wartime regulation, should not be condoned.

"I can assure you that although the coming year looks like a most difficult one in many fields of supply, there is no reason for anyone to become unduly alarmed," Mr. Gordon said. "No real hardship need be experienced by the civilian population so long as the majority will act reasonably in the matter of purchasing only their immediate needs.

"Of course there are shortages. Of course there will be greater shortages and why shouldn't there be?" he asked. "Shortages are in part a measure of our War effort. The absence of shortages would only indicate that our war effort was less than we are capable of."

RECEIVE RIBBONS

Field Marshal Montgomery Decorates Canadians On German Soil

WITH THE FIRST CANADIAN ARMY IN GERMANY—The first Canadians decorated on German soil received their ribbons from Field Marshal Montgomery at an investiture which the 21st Army Group commander held during a tour of Canadian formations of Gen. Crerar's army.

There was none of the pomp of a formal investiture in these ceremonies. They were held under trees in most cases with a handful of spectators and a guard of honor comprised of men from headquarters staffs.

JAPS NEED SHIPS

WASHINGTON—The Japanese have turned to construction of a lot of small wooden ships because of their shipping losses, a United States navy spokesman said. The enemy has found it impossible, he said, to keep up steel ship construction at the rate of losses.

Lieut.-Governor

Thomas Miller, publisher of the Moose Jaw Times, has been appointed lieutenant-governor of the province of Saskatchewan to succeed Hon. A. P. McNab, who has retired.

OPERATION OF THE CANOL OIL PROJECT BY THE U.S. ARMY IS TO BE DISCONTINUED

OTTAWA—Operation of the Canol oil project in northwestern Canada by the United States army will be discontinued by June 30 and a new agreement with the United States has been reached on disposition of the pipelines and refinery.

Announcement to this effect was made by the external affairs department on behalf of Prime Minister Mackenzie King.

A new exchange of notes provides for valuation of refined oil distribution lines as well as the refinery at Whitehorse, Yukon, and the crude pipeline to Whitehorse from Norman Wells.

The new agreement provides for a speed-up in procedure for valuing the project and preparing the way for its purchase by the government of Canada or sale to private interests. The two governments will appoint representatives at an early date to inspect the property with a view to making preliminary reports, possibly before termination of operations.

The $134,000,000 project, designed to make oil from deposits at Fort Norman, N.W.T., available for the forces in Alaska and the North Pacific area, was launched when it was feared the Japanese might cut northsouth supply lines by sea. It consists of a crude oil pipeline from Norman Wells to Whitehorse, Yukon, a refinery at Whitehorse and products distribution pipelines from Skagway, Alaska, to Whitehorse, down the Alaska highway to Watson lake and up the highway to Fairbanks.

The external affairs statement said in part:

When the project was started it was provided that at the conclusion of the war the crude oil pipeline and the refinery would be appraised at their then commercial value by appraisers appointed by Canada and the United States.

"The Canadian government was given the option to purchase this part of the property at such appraised value and if it did not exercise the option the property could be sold to any other bidder at not less than the appraised value.

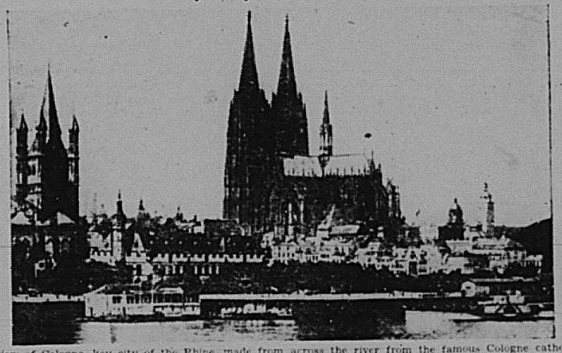
"Should the pipeline and refinery be used at any time for commercial purposes it was agreed that they would be subject to such regulations and conditions as the Canadian government might consider it necessary to impose in order to safeguard the public interest. In no event could the project be dismantled except upon the advice of the Canada-United States permanent joint board on defence."

Canadian Navy's Musical Revue

—R.C.N.—W.I.B. Radiophoto.

Highlight of the Royal Canadian Navy's Musical Revue, "Meet The Navy", playing in London was surprise visit by the royal family at matinee performance. Queen is shown backstage chatting with Lt. Oscar Natzke and Wren Gwen Tasse, two of the shows leading performers. Left of Natzke is Wren Anita D'Allaire.

Key City Of The Rhine



A view of Cologne, key city of the Rhine, made from across the river from the famous Cologne cathedral.

United Nations Teamwork

—Canadian Army - WIB Radiophoto.

Here is sound proof of United Nations teamwork—General Crerar, of the First Canadian Army, discussing plans with Russian officers. They are, left to right: Col. O. Maluga, 2nd Lt. J. Rogov, Major-General V. N. Dragoun and Major-General J. A. Suslaparov.

Air Forces Have Reduced Nazi Oil Production

LONDON—Sir Archibald Sinclair, air secretary, said that "Allied air forces have reduced German oil production to such an extent that available reserves are almost certainly exhausted."

The percentage loss of R.A.F. bombers despatched has been reduced by approximately 400 per cent. since 1942, he told the House of Commons in introducing the air estimates for 1945.

Sir Archibald said losses of R.A.F. and American bombers over Europe had been reduced from 4.1 per cent. of planes despatched in 1942 to 1.7 per cent. last year, and to 1.1 per cent. during the first two months of 1945.

"Our air superiority has not been obtained without hard fighting and heavy casualties," he said, reporting that between April 1 and Sept. 20, 1944, "Bomber command alone suffered more than 10,000 casualties."

He expressed his gratitude to Canada in particular and also to the other dominions, for their part in the training of R.A.F. personnel.

"Not far short of 200,000 young men have received their flying training in the dominions. Gratitude is due particularly to the Canadian government and the Royal Canadian Air Force."

TRIAL STARTED

Purge Court In Paris Is Dealing With Gestapo Gang

PARIS—The Paris purge court has begun trial of a Gestapo gang which the prosecution says was headed by a man who gave to the Germans code messages sent by the BBC to the resistance movement.

Seven men and one woman are on trial. The indictment said they were led by Georges Ledanseur, 30-year-old wireless operator, who formerly worked with the resistance movement, receiving secret messages from the BBC.

Arrested by the Germans and faced with the alternative of being shot or working for the Gestapo, he chose betrayal.

ASSISTED ENEMY

LONDON—Gerald Percy Sandys Hewitt, 44, an Englishman, who broadcast for the Germans during the occupation of France, was sentenced to 12 years in prison for acts likely to assist the enemy.

Firth Of Clyde Is One Of The Terminal Ports In Britain For Atlantic And World Air Traffic

(By A. C. Wallace, in London Calling)

THE war years have seen a little oldburgh on the Firth of Clyde known in the past for its championship golf course, its sandy beaches, and the retreat it offered to well-to-do folk from the great cities, transformed into one of the key terminal ports in Britain for trans-Atlantic and world air traffic.

Prestwick is no new name to any who have brothers, sons, or sweethearts in the Empire Air Training Scheme or the Atlantic Ferry Service. To many of them it is as familiar as the railway station of their home town. They breakfast in Prestwick and are in Montreal for tea. They buy in Ayrshire a Scottish woollen jumper for the girl in New York and change it a day or two later if the shade is not right.

Frequently the port welcomes the arrival or speeds the going of statesmen, captains of industry, service chiefs, and artists famous the world over. Its growth has made Scotland strongly air conscious. It offers her promise of valuable contacts in a world at peace. We Scots like to think that when air cruises become a normal holiday feature many from all parts of the world will make their approach to Britain over the Hebridean Islands and the Firth of Clyde.

Of course the remarkable development of this little seaside resort was not wholly or even mainly due to the compulsion of war. True, the choice of it put some 250 more miles of hotly-defended air between the Luftwaffe and a possible objective than would that of any other feasible site in Britain.

It was born of the vision of one or two keen young Scottish airmen in the 1930's, when the bulk of Britain was struggling with industrial depression and when disarmament was the order of the day. They believed that the nation must have trained pilots if she were to keep her place in the world, and they saw in those level fog-free fields on the Ayrshire coast the ideal site for a school. One of them was the present Duke of Hamilton, then Marquis of Clydesdale. Another, Group Capt. MacIntyre, had been his companion on that famous first flight over Mount Everest that helped to map the Himalayas.

These young men remembered what most of us had forgotten since our schooldays, that the northwesterly tilt of Great Britain puts Scotland appreciably nearer America than is England. They foresaw that Britain, with her violent variations of weather between north and south would need full scale alternative airports at both ends of the country. They were aware that the shortest air routes between North America and Northern Europe pass north even of Scotland, and that a new port should be put as near them as possible. They reckoned that the most economical flying between the continents would include halts for refueling in Iceland and Scotland.

Above all, perhaps, they realized that the northern port would have at its disposal the industrial skill of Central Scotland with its long tradition of expert workmanship and that without fouling the air near the port itself with factory smoke all the component parts for aircraft construction and repair could be made within easy distance. Why should not the Firth that launched Comet, Queen Mary and Queen Elizabeth contribute to the travel of the future craft as famous and efficient of their kind?

They laid their plans accordingly and, as a result, when the Governments of the United Nations were in urgent need of an efficient safe and accessible airport they found a first rate instrument already shaped for their purpose.

Mysterious Occurrence

Man Vanishes From Train And Later Found Asleep In An Empty House

The Daily Mail reported that Gnr. Robert Neis Engstron of the Canadian Army vanished mysteriously from a London-Glasgow express as it sped at 80 miles an hour through the English countryside, and when he awakened in an empty house in Warwickshire was unable to explain how he got there uninjured.

"All I remember is being on the train, then you woke me up in the house," he told police. "I must have stepped through the wrong door."

Gnr. Engstron, one of a party going on leave to Glasgow, disappeared during the night, the newspaper said. His friends heard a door slam—that was all. Someone stopped the train by pulling the alarm cord. Police were called.

Flashlights and lanterns flickered along the track and calls were made without success to small stations for 30 miles along the line. After a long delay the train proceeded.

Twelve hours later a housewife at Blissworth, near Rugby, remembered she had promised an absent neighbor to take her dog for a walk.

She called next door—and heard snores.

When the police came they found Gnr. Engstron upstairs asleep.

Canadian Wrens

Find Plenty Of Interest In Their First Visit To Scotland

Canadian Wrens who arrived at Lang House, near Glasgow recently, were met by the traditional friendly welcome from the British Wrens, with whom they are quartered, who served them precious fresh eggs at their first meal.

The girls report plenty of interest in their first visit to Scotland—the country estate on which they live is said to be haunted by a ghost, which they haven't been able to verify yet; a number of the girls visited Glasgow first thing and are planning to reach Edinburgh on their first 36-hour leave, and part of their New Year's Eve was spent finding their way to a dance given by the United States Navy.

Sailing in a whaler the girls got lost in a fog and asked directions of all the ships in port before they found the right one and helped the U.S. tars see the New Year in.

Rescued From Internment

Brig.-General Fellers, military secretary to General MacArthur, is greeted at the door of the civilian section of Bilibed prison, Manila, by A. G. Skerl, British geologist and member of the committee which headed the group of 400 prisoners until they were freed February 5.

Canada's War Effort

People As A Rule Do Not Realize Its Magnitude

During the five years of war, Canada has produced enough steel to build a double track railway round the world; enough armored vehicles to equip the whole German army; enough bullets to fire two into every living person on earth.

She has gone into new businesses such as production of synthetic rubber, planes (including the first plywood plane in the world, the Mosquito), radar, precision instruments, warships and super-explosives. Her scientists have led the world in many fields, notably in dehydrated foods, the famous anti-seasickness pills, bacon-curing without heavy salting—and hundreds of others, many of them military secrets for the duration.

In addition, Canadian farmers who have lost half a million of their younger people to industry and the services since war began, have upped production by over 40 per cent., and in the fifth year of war raised crops that totted up an all-time high for farm cash income of $1,750,000,000. —Drumheller, Alta., Mail.

CHURCHILL'S TACT

Prime Minister Churchill gave way to Arabian customs during his conference with middle eastern rulers. Not once did he smoke his traditional cigar at the meetings. And his gesture did not go unnoticed. Smoking is considered sinful in the Arabian peninsula and King Ibn Saud was said to have greatly appreciated Churchill's tactfulness.

He Had A Cold

And His Friends Were Not Averse To Supplying The Remedy

We have a cold and as usual as many cures for it have been suggested as the number of people we have talked to in the past few days. We are wondering what would happen to a person if he took all the antidotes for a cold recommended to him by well-meaning acquaintances.

To start with, we would have had to drink lemonade, linseed oil and liquor, turpentine, herb tea and tar syrup, beer, broth and beef soup, to say nothing of 500 different patent medicines and at least a similar number of home-made concoctions.

We would have rubbed our chest and back with goose grease, olive and many other oils, and innumerable ointments. On top of these we would have placed mustard and enough other kinds of plasters to give us a sort of a combined Mae West and hunchbacked appearance.

Then we mustn't forget our nose and throat. We must spray and inhale with enough remedies to fill ten medicine cabinets.

There is no question about the cure. It would have been permanent. —Windsor Star.

ABOUT BEES

Ain't radio wonderful! One of the commentators recently swung away from the war and got onto the subject of bees. And among other points he mentioned was that bees sometimes shed their hair, and get bald. It must make a bee mad to have a comb in the hive and not be able to use it, says the Ottawa Citizen.

Rail Cars Become War Vets' Club

Special facilities for serving refreshments and providing entertainment to Canadian servicemen en route through Montreal on military trains have been arranged at the Canadian National Railways Point St. Charles Coach Yard, where these trains are inspected and serviced. Restaurant and sitting-room cars have been equipped with tables for card playing and with a loud speaker system with attachments for musical transcriptions. Local newspapers and magazines are available and cigarettes and matches are given out. These arrangements are complementary to those established early in the war at Bonaventure and Central Stations, and have been made possible through the co-operation serving refreshments to a happy of the Canadian National Railways and the Canadian Legion War Services, Inc. The photographs show an attractive Women's Voluntary Service worker group of veterans on their way home after more than five years' service overseas. Inset, a keen rummy game is in progress. Two members of the W.V.S. in for a foursome.

Canada's Wheat

Will Be Readily Disposed Of If Ship's Are Available

As for Canada's wheat supply, it will keep on moving out of the country at a brisk rate, even though the United States is unlikely to be in the market to the extent it was last year. It is significant that we are being asked to send wheat to Australia, ordinarily one of our major competitors in the world market, and also to New Zealand. A crop disaster, one of the worst in Australia's history, is responsible for this unique situation. A good many million bushels may be exported to the Southern Hemisphere, if the ships can be found. — Saskatoon Star-Phoenix.

The art of painting is said to have been introduced in Rome from Etruria by Quintus Fabius 291 years before Christ.

How Germany Got Ready And Made Secret Plans For Waging A World War

IN view of the fact that the conference of The Big Three at Yalta declared their "inflexible purpose to destroy German militarism and Nazism and to ensure that Germany will never be able again to disturb the peace of the world," it is timely to recall the cardinal points of the peace treaty of Versailles in 1919 and how Germany evaded them to make vast preparations for 1939.

Under the Versailles treaty Germany was allowed a regular army of 100,000; restrictions were placed on industries, on the size of her fleet and ships, and on her air services.

Germany enlisted her 100,000 men, but she gave secret, or semi-secret training to hundreds of thousands of men and boys who became millions after Hitler rose to power, when he openly flouted all the restrictions and virtually challenged other countries to stop him if they dare. None of them had the courage to do so, although many statesmen, among whom Winston Churchill, then in Opposition, was one, warned their governments what was going on. Germany gave military training to her large police force which, a few years before the war, was incorporated in the army; she trained political, sports and youth groups; she trained firemen, and she trained a secret army that took short courses in modern warfare on the Junkers' estates in East Prussia. By 1939 the 100,000 men had become millions fully or partly trained.

Limitations were also placed upon German heavy industries, but by means of national combines, international cartels and control of the labor, transport and other groups, she expanded her industries instead of restricting them. She formed an "educational" department for industry, which supplied machine tools, and an example of this device was that a department which was supposed to be designing and producing railway trucks was actually making artillery. This "educational" system had the widest ramifications and had a variety of names which hid their real military purposes.

Germany was forbidden to possess military aircraft or U-boats. But she trained a great glider force and sent thousands of technical workers to Japan and South American countries to learn and to study all about military planes. It was an easy matter when war broke out, or perhaps before that, to convert civilian planes to military. As for the U-boats, Germany simply built them secretly. Being small, they could be built unseen. Germany was under obligation to destroy 120 war factories. There was no effective supervision by the Allies after the war and only five were abolished.

The result of all this was that not long after Hitler assumed power the German chemical industry was in a position to be converted from a peace to a war basis in about one week, the technical arms industry in from two to four months, while the rest of Germany's war industries could attain peak production in one year.

The Allies must make certain this time that the claws of the Nazi eagle are thoroughly clipped and stay clipped. The Germans may protest and weep that their economic development is being handicapped, but the answer to that plea is to tell them to apply the same energy and ingenuity to the manufacture of peace goods that they have done to war materials.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Worked In Reverse

Canadian Provost Corps Built Cage Around Five German Prisoners

Five of the most surprised Germans on the western front probably were the quintet captured inside a Canadian prisoners of war compound, and L.-Cpl. L. D. Cameron of Prince Albert, Sask., who captured them single-handed, was just as amazed.

Cameron, a member of the Canadian Provost Corps, was detailed to prepare a prisoner of war compound just behind the front line. He chose an idea around a wrecked house, beside which lay a dead German non-commissioned officer.

"I was getting the prisoner cage ready when I heard someone talking," he said. "Our infantry had gone past and there was no one within a half-mile of me. I looked towards the house and there was a Jerry with his head and shoulders out of a hole beside the house. I hadn't noticed it before because the dead Hun's body was practically over it.

"The Jerry in the hole grinned foolishly at me and I told him to come out. He came, followed by four others, the last one with an automatic weapon in his hands. I only had a revolver and nearly passed out. But they surrendered without a fight. They were hiding in the cellar of the house with the hole entrance to the cellar. I just kept them there and we built the rest of the prisoner cage around them."

From Across The Line

Detroit Paper Has High Praise For Canada's Fighting Men

Our Canadian friends have been having a bad time of it lately as a result of all the unfavorable attention which the Dominion's conscription and overseas service troubles have received.

In World War I, the Canadians established a great tradition with their heroism at Ypres, Cambrai and Passchendaele.

Today they are living up to that tradition. At Dieppe, at Caen, after the Normandy invasion, and presently at Goch, their performance has equalled that of any United Nations troops.—Detroit Free Press.

Always Carried Fruit

Canadian Cruiser Prince Robert On An Errand Of Mercy

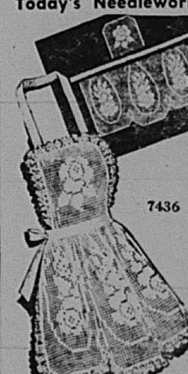
The gun studded Canadian anti-aircraft cruiser Prince Robert carries a gigantic stack of shells to deal death at the enemy, but she also carries a supply of bananas which on two occasions have saved lives.

Her 80,000 sea miles have taken her to tropical ports where she followed a custom of stocking up with fruit for fruitless British friends.

One day as the grey weather-beaten ship steamed slowly into port after a long absence, she received a signal that a child was dying of starvation due to coeliac disease—inability of the victim to digest fats—and could only eat bananas. Immediately a stock of ripe fruit was packed, sealed and sent off by air to a town near London, in time to save the child's life.

A second occasion in which Robert was able to be of service also concerned bananas. She was in Belfast undergoing engine repairs when an appeal came for some from the local hospital. The signal was addressed to all ships but Robert was the only one able not only to supply the required item for the patient's diet, but oranges and lemons to boot.

Today's Needlework



7436

by Alice Brooks

Now that you've discovered the charm of crocheted party aprons, you'll want this one done in filet crochet; easy to follow chart.

Handiwork you'll enjoy—a filet crochet apron—inexpensive when you make it yourself. Pattern 7436 has directions; chart.

To obtain this pattern send twenty cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Avenue E., Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your Name, Address and Pattern Number.

*Because of the slowness of the mails delivery of our patterns may take a few days longer than usual.

TUNNEL HOSPITAL

A hospital has been built in the white cliffs of Dover—a series of tunnels 150 feet under the chalk which is as dry, comfortable and well-equipped as any modern hospital in the country. The place was built when the threat of invasion hung over Britain, to give doctors a quiet, safe place to work.

2611

It is with Pleasure That We Announce

the arrival of a large part of our Spring Paint Order. The quality is unchanged, and the price is still consistent with this High Quality Paint.

MOORE'S SANIFLAT
Gallons $4.70 . $1.30
Quarts

Moore's INTERIOR GLOSS
Gallons $5.25 $1.55
Quarts

The latter is a hard full gloss which looks and washes like enamel.

Tile Like Floor Paint 90c
Pint

"61" CLEAR GLOSS VARNISH P. & L. $2.16

real hard wearing varnish for floors or other heavy duty work. It flows nicely and is therefore easy to apply.

We advise early selection of your Paint requirements as these days there is always the possibility of unforeseen shortages. Our stock is at present in good shape.

MOONEY'S Drug and Paint Store
J. Mooney, Registered Optometrist and Druggist, Elkhorn

Classified Ads.

FOR RENT OR SALE—Half section of land—N.E. 24-10-30, S.W. 30-10-29; 165 acres under cultivation, 15 in crested wheat grass, 60 in good summerfallow. Buildings in fair condition, good water supply and pasture. Apply to owner—
Mrs. Myrtle Scott,
R.R. No. 2, Mission City, B.C.

OATS FOR SALE—Quantity of "Alax" Oats, free from wild oats. Sample can be seen at Mercury office. 55c bush. at granary.
Fry Bros., Kirkella.

REGISTERED ABERDEEN ANGUS BULL 5½ years old for sale. Apply to—
Tom Kollo, Phone 76-23, Elkhorn.

FOR SALE 15-30 McCormick Deering with Robin Manifold.
Apply to G. Lifeso, Hargrave.

HORSE SHIPMENT to Eastern Canada, Mar. 12. Animals must be from 1400 to 1700 lbs. and 3 to 12 years old. Please notify the undersigned promptly if you desire to ship.
J. BAJUS, Shipper.
Elkhorn Horse Marketing Assoc.

SHIPPING DATE - The Elkhorn Co-Operative Livestock Shipping Association will ship again on Tuesday, Mar 13. Those who wish to take advantage of this shipment are requested to notify the undersigned at once.
J. BAJUS, Shipper.

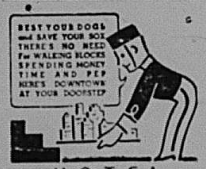
Professional

DR. H. S. JAMIESON
DENTIST — X-RAY
Municipal Building, Moosomin
(Opposite Queen's Hotel)
Phones: Res. 123; Office 55
Kindly phone or write for appointments

BRAYFIELD & RUTHERFORD
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES AND NOTARIES PUBLIC
Office: Crown Life Building, Virden
A. B. RUTHERFORD
in attendance Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays. Office open daily.

JOHN PRITCHARD, LL.B.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, Etc.
Phone 6 — P.O. Drawer 691

JAMES DUNKIN
OPTOMETRIST
Eyes Examined
BRANDON - MAN.



HOTEL
St. Regis
WINNIPEG
OVER 500 OF ALL ROOMS $3.00 OR LESS. SINGLE $2.00 OR LESS. DOUBLE
FREE PARKING SPACE

RADIO OWNERS—Russ Baker factory trained radio serviceman, will be at the Beaver Lumber Company store Wednesdays to handle your radio problems. Service on all makes of battery and electric at reasonable prices.

Mrs. Chas. Fordyce visited her father, Rev. Russell, and other relatives in Portage last week.

BORN at Grev Nun's Hospital, Regina on March 7th, to Sgt. and Mrs. C.S. Crosby, a daughter, Charline Ann.

Mrs. Goethe and Dorothy left on Tuesday for a week's visit in Winnipeg.

The United Circle will meet at the home of Mrs. Ken Lidster on Monday, April 9th, at 8 p.m. Hostesses: Mesdames Borgstrom, Black and Bajus.

CHILD'S GO-CART FOR SALE, in good condition—Apply to Mrs. C. Fordyce.

HIGH SCHOOL CONCERT AND DANCE, March 16th, commencing at 8 p.m., in the the Elkhorn Stadium. The Jenner orchestra will give a complete programme of old time and modern numbers.

Late news from John Armstrong received by his parents have given his wounds as "bomb fragments in neck, left foot and right hand." We hope that his recovery will be speedy and that he will soon come home.

QUANTITY OF BROME GRASS FOR SALE. Apply to—
J.N. Walker,
Phone 89-3, Elkhorn.

GOOD POTATOES FOR SALE, 85c per bushel. See H. Cooledge.
Geo. McDonald, Fleming Sask.

WASHING MACHINE (hand power) in good condition, for sale. Also room to rent. Apply at Mercury Office, Phone 42.

Delegates at the Liberal Nominating Convention held in Brandon representing Elkhorn and district were Messrs. J.W. Clarke, J. Mooney, J. Murray sr., J. Murray jr., F.C. Norris, F. Shoemaker and S. Twigg. J.E. Matthews, Esq., was the unanimous choice of the convention. He will be government candidate at the forthcoming federal election.

CASH AUCTION SALE

On the S.W. 1-14-27, 1½ miles N.W. of Miniota, at 10:30 sharp. THURS., MARCH 22nd

Lunch will be served. 4 horses, 4 Milk Cows, 3 pail fed Calves. Implements, Harness, Hens. Model D J.D. Tractor new oversize tires and tubes in A-1 shape. New M.H. 24 run d.d. Drill with power lift and tractor hitch. 8-10 Cockshutt One Way, with new bearings. Case 12-ft. Combine, with pick-up and 12 ft. swather. This Combine is in excellent condition and doing good work. 28-44 S.M. all steel Thresher, with all belts. Double deck Carter Dust Cleaner, with elevator attachment and suction blower. Automatic Grain Duster. Circular Saw 32-in. blade and frame. Portable Elevator, 20 ft. 300 gallon Fuel Tank. J.D. Red Weeder, 12 ft. A-1 shape. 3-3 furrow J.D. 14 in. Power Lift Plow, with 2 sets shares. I.H.C. 3 h.p. Engine. Grass attachment for 28-run drill. Fertilizer attachment for 28-run drill. Frost & Wood and Dare Mowers, each 5 ft. McCSD. Crusher, 10 in. plates. Bullock 6-roll Wild Oat Cleaner. Melotte 750-lb. Cream Separator. 2000-lb. Scale. Beam Scale. M.H. 8-foot Binder. 2 8-ft. and 1 14-ft. Land Packers. Harness, Tools, Bridles, Wire Stretcher and many articles. The machinery and implements are all ready for work and will bear inspection.

THOS. G. LONG, Proprietor.
J. F. M. JOHNSTON, Auctioneer
Isabella Phone 8, r 2, Crandall Ex.

The Elkhorn Mercury
F.C. Norris Publisher and Proprietor
Member C.W.N.A.

Thursday, March 15 1945

Local Notes

Wake up and SPRING!

R. H. Mooney, M.L.A., renewed acquaintances in town on Saturday.

Elkhorn won the Virden hockey tournament of Friday last.

Mr. Ken. Williams left on Sunday for a vacation at Ottawa and other eastern points.

BORN, Friday, March 9th, to Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell Edgar, a daughter—Amy Donna Jean.

Sgt. Andrews, R.C.A.F., and Mrs. Andrews (nee Gwen McGinnes) visited relatives in town last week.

Mr. E. P. Lippman, of Beausejour is in charge at the Beaver Lumber Co. in the manager's absence.

Mr. and Mrs. McFarlane, of Melita, called on a few acquaintances while en route to California for their vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. George Harry returned last week from B.C., where they enjoyed a vacation for the past three months.

RED CROSS LAST MINUTE URGE—"The need is great—can you spare a few more dollars before the drive closes?"

Miss Jean Jaffray returned last week from a month's holiday spent with friends at Winnipeg and Oakville.

Mrs. Burton Murray is representing Daffodil Rebekah Lodge at the annual Assembly meeting being held in Winnipeg this week.

There will be a meeting of the directors of Elkhorn Agricultural Society in the Masonic Hall at 3 p.m. on Saturday, March 17h.

Doc Hennan is on the rampage again with auction sales. See announcement of Mr. G. N. Walker's offerings on March 26th. This farm is located near Virden, Sec. 30-10-26.

Mayor Johnston, G. E. Bartley, Councillor Gibbs and F. C. Norris were appointed a delegation to interview Hon. Erick Willis regarding the proposed new highway set-up. Features of the interview will appear in our next issue.

We regret to record the death of Billy McCorkindale's father, which occurred in Detroit, Mich., U.S.A., after an extended illness, on March 5th. He was in his 62nd year, the youngest brother of our postmaster, to whom, in addition to Billy, sincere sympathy is extended.

Major H. H. Ross, District recruiting officer, M.D. 10 was in town on Friday to review the possibility of securing recruits locally. He especially stressed the need for enlistment in the C.W.A.C. and urges young women from 18 years up to get in touch with the local recruiting representative, Mrs. J. M. McCorkindale, who will furnish all particulars and transportation to prospective recruits who can pass the necessary tests.

OFFERS CONSIDERED FOR FOLLOWING LANDS
N½, 1-13-28, West
S.E. 1-13-28, West
N.W. 34-13-29, West
N.E. 11-14-28, West
N.E. 28-14-23, West
Apply:
The MANITOBA FARM LOANS ASSOCIATION
404 Trust & Loan Bldg.
Portage Avenue East
Winnipeg - Manitoba

Quick Frozen Food
Are you considering a
Cold Storage Locker Plant
in your District. Get full information and prices from
Bell Refrigerator Co.
1648 Portage Ave Winnipeg

ELKHORN UNITED CHURCH
Sunday, March 18

Sunday School ..... 2 p.m.
Elkhorn, Evening Service ..... 7:30 p.m.

REV. W. WYMAN, M.A., Ph.D., Minister

ST. MARK'S ANGLICAN
Sunday, March 18

St. Mark's:
Morning Prayer ..... 11 a.m.
St. John's, Kirkella:
Evensong ..... 3 p.m.
St. George's, Manson:
Evensong ..... 8 p.m.
H. B. MILLER C.A., Incumbent

ADVERTISERS—we positively cannot change advertisements for the current week's issue unless we receive your copy up until or before Tuesday of each week.

Elkhorn Meat Market
Choice Cuts of Beef and Pork Cooked Meats
—ALSO—
Fresh & Cured Fish
Ken G. Lidster
Butcher and Livestock Dealer
Phone 3 - ELKHORN

Elkhorn High School Concert & Dance
IN THE ELKHORN STADIUM
FRIDAY, MARCH the 16th, at 8 p.m.
FEATURING---First Class Program followed by Old and Modern Dancing to the music
Ted Jenner's Orchestra
ADMISSION : Adults 50c; Children 25c
(14 years and under)

CANADIAN WOMEN'S ARMY CORPS

will place recruits in employment for which they have been trained in civilian life, and also offers training courses to qualified recruits.

Here is your chance to enlist and work at a specialized job of your own choosing . your chance to prepare now for a better post-war job

If you are physically fit, between 18 and 45 years of age, call at the nearest C.W.A.C. Recruiting Office or representative for full particulars.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY:
33 TYPISTS ... 13 for Winnipeg
20 for Toronto

Recruiting Representative:
MRS. J. M. McCORKINDALE (C.W.A.C.) Elkhorn, Man.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Mr. and Mrs. John Wade Thorne, Yorkshire, Eng., are believed to be the oldest married couple in England. He is 99 and she is 98.

Marshal Petain is in good health and is being well treated in his exile at Sigmaringen, Germany, the former Vichy consul at Barcelona said.

The Paris City Council decided to change the name of "Avenue de Tokyo" on the Seine's right bank to "Avenue de New York."

After two years of searching for oil in New Zealand at a cost of nearly $4,000,000, a New Zealand petroleum company has abandoned the quest as hopeless.

To date the British Women's Voluntary Services have reclothed more than 1,000,000 evacuees — including about 200,000 during the German robot bomb blitz alone.

Lord Beaverbrook sent a cheque for $100,000 to the Presbyterian Church of England following the V-bomb catastrophe, in which all the church's staff was either killed or injured.

The Government increased by £3,500,000 (approximately $15,740,000) its annual grant to Britain's universities. The universities, including Oxford and Cambridge, already receive £12,149,000 each year.

Due to the success of the first Canadian army art competition, organized in 1943, it has been decided to organize a more extensive competition on similar lines this year, Defence Headquarters announced.

Unless Canada is to remain an industrial colony, she must develop a well-integrated scheme of scientific and industrial research in the post-war years, Dr. C. J. Mackenzie, president of the National Research Council, said.

Clever Idea Worked

How Problem Of Establishing Bridge-head Over River Was Solved

British and Indian troops were faced with a difficult situation when they sought to cross the Irrawaddy river in Burma to establish a bridgehead. It would have been a costly task by day, and the Japs regarded the job as almost impossible at night. The problem was solved by an Irish, an English and a Scottish officer.

Inventor of the idea was Captain Michael Muldoon of the Irish Guards, and he rehearsed it for many nights with his two friends. On the night selected for the landing they swam the Irrawaddy, which was half a mile wide at this point and flowed swiftly, then standing up to their necks in water and facing the British-held side of the shore, they guided the small boats across by means of red and green flashlights. Men, supplies, munitions and bull-dozers were ferried across, and the Japs did not find out what was going on until the job was nearly done, the total casualties being six men killed or drowned.

Once during the rehearsals of the job, the trio were almost discovered but escaped detection by floating along stream on their backs as if they were just a few more corpses drifting by.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

COUNTERFEIT NOTES

Bank of England notes forged by the Germans during their occupation of Europe and dumped through France, Belgium and Holland, now are arriving in Britain. A few may be in circulation but most are being destroyed on arrival.

Looking over its live file, the bureau of minor research finds this one still unsettled: "At what age does a bachelor become 'confirmed'?"

Returns From "Dead"

Pte. Billy Heman of St. Mary's, Ont., who was listed as dead in military records and whose mother received a Silver Cross, arrived home a few days ago looking very much alive. He had been in a German prison camp. Here he is with his cousin, Marie Marley, who is showing him his memorial cross.

Health
LEAGUE of CANADA presents **TOPICS of VITAL INTEREST**

SCHOOL LUNCHES IMPORTANT

As much care should be put into the preparation of lunches taken to school by boys and girls as in the preparation of their regular meals at home, it is stated by Miss Margaret Smith in the current issue of Health magazine, official publication of the Health League of Canada. Miss Smith is the League Nutritionist.

The school lunch should foster appetite and must satisfy the body's need, Miss Smith writes. A "Food for Health" lunch should contain about one-third of the daily food requirement.

The substances in food positively necessary for body building, growth and repair are proteins, minerals and vitamins. Carbohydrates or starches, fats and proteins produce energy. However, isolated starches, fats and proteins should not be put in school lunch boxes, Miss Smith advises. Rather, foods which contain these desired substances should be used.

The writer says that Canada's Official Food Rules, authorized by the Dominion department of national health and welfare, should be followed in selecting these lunch foods. And, bearing this in mind, she suggests as a typical lunch, one containing—

Half a pint of milk, with the occasional substitution of buttermilk, or cocoa. A vegetable chosen from raw carrots, shredded cabbage, celery, parsley, chopped green peppers or cooked green beans. A serving of raw fruit also should be included. Sweet jams and marmalades should be omitted because of the low vitamin content.

"The basic food of the lunch box is the sandwich," Miss Smith writes. Lunch sandwiches which provide the greater part of the protein, should contain meat, cheese or eggs. She also recommends highly the use of cottage cheese. Whole wheat bread should be used because it is most nutritious.

Women have twice as strong a sense of touch and a better sense of hearing than men.

Arabia has 1,000,000 square miles and 10,000,000 people.

No Nation Remote

Lord Halifax Says Peace Loving People Must Work Together

The Earl of Halifax declared that the United States and Britain must work together for world peace, for no nation henceforth can be considered "remote" and hence safe.

Scientific developments in the next twenty-five years, the British Ambassador said, may mean the hurling of explosives on American cities from the coast of Europe or even from the shores of Asia."

In a speech prepared for delivery to the Association of Commerce and the committee on International House in New Orleans, Lord Halifax declared: "In spite of a genuine determination to keep out of the quarrels of Europe the United States has never been able to stay out of a world war. The world gets smaller all the time. To be remote was once to be invulnerable. But no country can be confident of standing aloof from war today because no country is now remote.

"If peace then is as much in your interest as it is in that of the British Commonwealth, or of Russia or France or China, we must go forward side by side to secure it."

A PRACTICAL MEMORIAL

A London banker, whose eldest son was killed while flying with the R.A.F., has made an anonymous donation of $200,000 to provide houses for disabled R.A.F. and Fleet Air Arm pilots and the widows of pilots. Nominal rents will be charged, but according to the administrator of the fund: "No one qualified for a tenancy will be asked to pay more than he can afford, nor any rent at all, if paying it will be a hardship."

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MARCH 18

THE LAW OF LIFE

Memory Selection: Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy mind. This is the great and first commandment. And a second like unto it is this, Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself.—Matthew 22:37-39.

Lesson: Matthew 22:34-46; 23. Devotional Reading: James 1:17-27.

Text Explained With Comments

The Two Great Commandments, Matthew 22:34-40. When the Pharisees heard that Jesus had put the Sadducees to silence (as told in verses 23-33), they met in council, and one of them, a lawyer or scribe, asked Jesus a question which was much disputed in those days, namely, "Which is the great commandment in the law?" The rabbis had divided the law of Moses into three hundred and sixty-five prohibitions, as many as the days in the year, and two hundred and forty-eight commands—as many as the part of the body, according to the Jewish reckoning of that day, and among these six hundred and thirteen prohibitions and commands they distinguished greater and lesser ones. It was a great sin, for instance, not to keep the rules in regard to fringes and phylacteries or in regard to the Sabbath, but an infringement of some lesser command could be overlooked. Compare our speaking of black and white lies, great and little sins.

"Thou shalt love" was Jesus' answer: love God (Dt. 6:5), and your neighbor (Lev. 19:18). Thou shalt love God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy mind, that is, wholly, with all thy powers, or, as Psalm 103:1 expresses it, "with all that is within us." And thy neighbor as thyself. James 2:8 calls this "the royal law."

Pharisaism Exposed and Denounced, Matthew 23:1-36.

Jesus' Lament over Jerusalem, Matthew 23:37-39.

Destruction of the Temple Foretold, Matthew 24:1, 2.

The Signs of the Second Coming, Matthew 24:3-51.

The Parable of the Wise and Foolish Virgins, Matthew 25:7-13.

The Parable of the Talents, Matthew 25:14-30.

The Last Judgment, Matthew 25:31-46. At the Last Judgment all the nations shall be gathered before the Son of man, and he will separate them as a shepherd separates sheep from goats. Those who trust in God, the righteous, are often called in the Scriptures his sheep, and it is natural to designate the unrighteous as goats. Then shall the King (the Son of man, verse 31) say to those on his right hand, "Come, ye blessed of my Father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world." The thought is that from the beginning God looked forward to those whose lives would deserve such a reward.

SAVED THE DAY

Cheese once turned the tide in a naval battle between South American ships. The Uruguayan commander, Captain Coe, finding his ammunition gone, started firing round, hard cheeses. Admiral Brown, Brazilian commander, thinking some new deadly weapon was being used, turned his ship and fled.

Mother's Medal

Anthony Everitt displaying the Albert medal awarded his mother posthumously by King George at Buckingham Palace investiture. Anthony's mother took part in the rescue of U.S. airmen from a bomber which crashed on her farm. She died from injuries received when the plane exploded. Anthony has been adopted by a U.S. bomber squadron.

Mighty Battleship

H.M.S. Vanguard Is The Name Of The New Fighting Vessel

H.M.S. Vanguard is the name of Britain's newest and mightiest battleship.

This secret, which has been kept closely ever since Princess Elizabeth launched the ship at a Scottish shipyard on the Clyde last November 30 was disclosed recently.

When Princess Elizabeth launched her, elaborate precautions were taken to prevent the ship's name being published. Microphones recording the ceremony for the BBC and for newsreel soundtracks were cut out as she named the battleship.

Many thousands of Clydeside shipworkers knew the name, and the German radio guessed it correctly some time ago, but up till now it has not been disclosed officially.

Aided In Discovery

Canadian Scientists Helped To Give World Powerful New Explosive

The veil of official secrecy has been lifted from the part played in development of RDX, the world's most powerful explosive, by Dr. George Wright, professor of chemistry at University of Toronto, and other Canadian scientists who helped establish the first manufacturing plant for the explosive in Canada.

Dr. Wright, working in co-operation with Dr. J. H. Ross and Dr. H. S. Sutherland, of Montreal, and Dr. W. F. Machmann, of the National Defence Research Committee of the United States, added the final technique to a process that made possible the continuous production of the sensitive, super-explosive with a measure of safety.

They started work in 1940 and by 1941 had established the first factory in Canada at the University of Toronto. The same year 20 pounds of RDX, which stands for Research Department Explosive, were flown to England and approved by the British Government. In January, 1942, the U.S. adopted the method and went into large scale production.

Known chemically as cyclonite, RDX is 15 times as powerful as TNT and detonates 1.2 times as fast.

Both Canada and the U.S. now are producing and shipping thousands of tons of the explosive, using the method developed in Toronto.

New Headlamp

English Firm Solves The Problem Of Night Motoring

A new headlamp which goes far towards solving the problems of night motoring has been produced by an English firm. The beam has a flat top with a very definite cut-off level. Direct dazzle is completely eliminated at ordinary eye level, and the beam itself is in perfect focus, giving not only a distant view of the roadway ahead, but a sharply defined picture of the road sides.

The range of the lamp is stated to be well over 1,000 feet, and it is further claimed that the special lens employed makes falling rain or snow invisible to the driver.

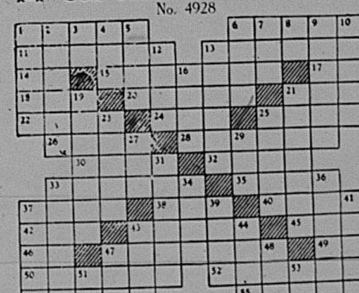
It has been said that the bravest man was the one who first ate an oyster. Maybe so, but we'd cast our vote for the man who first attacked a grapefruit in a breakfast nook.

THIS CURIOUS WORLD

By William Ferguson

x-x OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE x-x

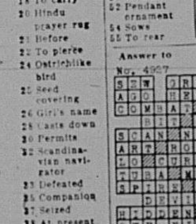
No. 4928



HORIZONTAL
1 Dark gray
6 Bravery
11 To convince
12 To scheme
14 Pronoun
15 To loot
17 Four
18 To carry
20 Hindu prayer rug
21 Before
22 To pierce
24 Ostrichlike bird
25 Seed covering
26 Girl's name
28 Casts down
30 Permits
32 Scandinavian navigator
33 Defeated
35 Companion
37 Seized
38 At present
40 Glacial snow
42 To hurry
43 Foe
45 Colloquial: father
46 Printer's measure
47 Chills and fever
49 Roman gods
50 Abrade
52 Pendant ornament
54 Sows
55 To rear

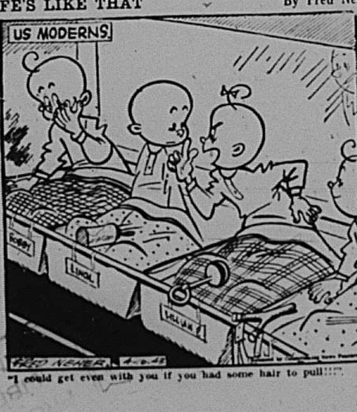
VERTICAL
1 Appendages
2 Clever
3 Pronoun
4 Small dog
5 Silkworm
6 Constellation
7 Hail!
8 Chinese measure
9 Egyptian god of agriculture
10 Carouse
12 Other
13 European river
16 Tibetan priest
19 Ancient large ship
21 Built
23 Dreary
25 Oriental
27 Siamese coin
29 To provide with weapons
31 Old
33 To spring suddenly
34 Temporarily brilliant star
36 Escapes
37 Lock of hair
39 Protuberance on a plant
41 Roman magistrate
43 Knocks
44 Prevaricator
47 Colloquial: wrathful
48 Man's name
51 Concerning
53 Note of scale

Answer to No. 4927



LIFE'S LIKE THAT

By Fred Neher



"I could get even with you if you had some hair to pull!!!"

2611

REG'LAR FELLERS—Reception Committee

BY GENE BYRNES

OUR COMPLETE SHORT STORY—

Modern Judas

By FAYE McGOVERN

McClure Newspaper Syndicate

Boyd Carr, American volunteer pilot on reconnaissance, banked his plane and looked down. Below him was the broad Yellow River firmly restrained in its new dike system. On its bank was the missionary building that had been reported raided by a band of rebels.

It was where Boyd had been born, of missionary parents. Where he had grown up and spent many happy hours playing with Soo Ling, a young convert. After a visit to the States with his parents, where he had absorbed American customs in a surprisingly short time, he and Soo Ling played cops and robbers with all the realistic zeal of their active imaginations.

Boyd grinned, remembering the clout he had given Soo Ling with a small sandbag they had made, laying Soo out cold for ten horrified minutes.

A figure emerged from the building, looked up and waved. Boyd grinned. "Soo Ling. I'll bet my eyeteeth."

Maybe the report about the rebels had been false. He swung the nose of his cabin cruiser downward, and in a few moments was bumping along the uneven ground. Should anything be amiss he had his revolver.

He opened the door, stepped out and grunted with surprise. A scowling, roughly-clad Chinese was pointing a bayonet straight at his middle. Others crowded around menacingly.

Boyd's hand moved toward his holster, but a sibilant word from the bayonet wielder sent his hands skyward. Grim-lipped, he scanned the ominous crowd.

"Soo Ling!" he shouted, recognizing his childhood friend among them.

The one yelled at stared at him coldly.

"Do you know this man?" the one with the bayonet, apparently the leader, demanded caustically of Soo Ling.

Soo Ling shook his head. "I know him not," he replied in emphatic Chinese.

With a grin of delight the chief relieved Boyd of his revolver, then ruthlessly bound his hands behind him, commanded the ragged group to form a cordon around him, and headed the bunch toward the levee.

"Hey, what's the idea?" Boyd yelled. "I'm an American citizen. I demand to know the meaning of this."

His protests brought nothing but stony silence. Then he realized that in his fury he had shouted in English. When he tried translating his thoughts, he realized with despair that, though he could still understand, he could not longer speak Chinese.

But Soo Ling had spoken English like a true Yankee when they were youngsters. "Soo! For Pete's sake. Don't you remember me?"

The leader barked something at Soo Ling, who scowled blackly. "I tell you I know the infidel not!"

Boyd ground his teeth, thinking of the tireless years his father had spent teaching his converts to live clean, decent lives, winning them away from their superstitions, their idolatrous ancestor worship. Now the youngest had turned thief!

As they neared the narrow top of the dike they had to form a single line. The leader shouted to the others, then gave Boyd a prod that indicated he should follow, with himself bringing up the rear.

Soo Ling turned on him furiously, spewing a string of Chinese invectives, gesticulating angrily. Boyd stared, not understanding all he said—but enough to realize Soo Ling wanted to be the prisoner's guardian. Hadn't the American dog flown his devil machine down on the grave of Soo's immortal father? Didn't such desecration, such insult, give him the privilege?

Boyd's spine froze. No one knew better than he the lengths to which the Chinese would go to avenge a fancied insult to their departed forefathers. The gleaming bayonet now surrendered to Soo Ling was a formidable weapon for one bent on revenge. What a fool Boyd had been to forget the old burying ground!

He march on, his muscles tensed against the thought of cold steel in his ribs. Just ahead was the gate that controlled the flow of water to the rice fields. Better a leap to the muddy field below than ...

There was a yank at his bonds. His hands were free! He whirled. The bayonet was thrust at him wrong end foremost. Then Soo Ling was beyond him, giving the spillway wheel a vicious jerk, then another, and another. Dirty yellow water roared through the widening space just ahead. "Run, Boyd!" Soo Ling yelled.

Boyd started, then stopped. With a snarl the leader had whirled, leaped across the roaring stream and made for Soo Ling. But Soo Ling ducked, whipped something from his pocket and brought it down hard on the leader's skull. The man pitched forward and lay still.

A glance told Boyd that as soon as the rebels realized their prize was escaping they'd find courage enough to make the leap, too.

"Soo, you Judas!" Boyd gasped as Soo caught up with him. "I thought you had denied me for good!"

"Not for all the ransom in China," Soo grinned. "Fortunately I was alone at the mission when they attacked it, but I had to pretend to join them to protect my hide. Thank heaven you happened along!"

Boyd yanked open the door of the plane and dragged Soo Ling in behind him. "You sure pack an awful wallop," he called above the motor's revolutions.

"I used this," Soo Ling answered. "I remembered what it did to me."

"This" was a floppy bag with a tip of hard packed sand.

A moth's wings are inflated with air, which is pumped into the pneumatic wing tubes from the respiratory organs.

Devotion To Ideal

Descendant Of Polish King Gave Life For His Country

Stanislaw August Poniatowski, who died in 1798, was the last king of Poland. He was not Poland's greatest king, but he left a name which meant a vital heritage to a descendant of his 147 years later.

The descendant, Prince Marien-andre Poniatowski, escaped from France to Britain during the German western surge in 1940. Although he had never seen Poland and spoke no Polish, he enlisted in the Polish army in Britain because, he believed, he owed a duty to the name he bore. He won a commission and went with his unit to fight on the Western Front. There, at the age of 23, he died in action against the enemies of the homeland he never knew.

In Polish history the name of Poniatowski takes on added lustre from his devotion to an ideal and from his sacrifice in behalf of it.—Buffalo Courier-Express.

GARDEN NOTES

First Plantings

Vegetables divide themselves into three main planting groups. In the first are the hardy things, those that one plants just as soon as the soil can be prepared regardless of the weather ahead. These will stand lots of frost and in fact for best results they must make their first growth while the weather is still cool and wet.

In the vegetable line these very early things are garden peas, the first onions, carrots and beets, radish, spinach and lettuce. Experienced gardeners say that these can be planted just as soon as the soil has worked up nicely and is no longer muddy.

But they advise strongly against planting them all at once. They make a practice of sowing beets, radish, spinach, etc., at least three times about ten days apart. By spreading over the sowing in this way so is the harvest, and one has them coming on in successive crops of the tenderest vegetables imaginable.

One can spread out the season still more by using an early, late and medium variety. This sort of spreading is particularly advisable with those vegetables which must be sown very early in the spring.

In the second group of vegetables the semi-hardy things, which can stand a light frost but would prefer none, would be early potatoes, the first corn, beans, cabbage and, at the end of the line, the real tender plants that can stand no frost at all would be the melons, cucumbers, tomatoes, pumpkins, etc.

Nursery Stock

Nursery stock is the name that covers all the sort of things one gets from a nursery, everything from perennial flowers and strawberry plants to 10-foot ornamental trees. This year due to the shortage of labor, gasoline and imported foundation stock from Europe, the Canadian supply is not plentiful, hence all the more reason for taking care of what one can buy.

All nursery stock should be planted just as soon after purchasing as possible. With large plants and trees it is especially necessary to give roots plenty of room and press the soil firmly about them. Cultivation for some time is advisable and also watering when first planted and if the weather is dry. It is essential, of course, to protect roots from wind and air generally in unpacking and planting.

GO LONG WAY

Giant Chinese green onions grow from two to two and one-half feet long, two and one-half inches in diameter, and weigh more than three pounds apiece.

Soilless Culture

Possibility Of Chemical Gardening Not A New Discovery

Everything that is known about the growing of plants without soil, commonly known as soilless culture or chemical gardening, including its application to outside gardens, was explained by Dr. H. Hill, Division of Horticulture, Dominion Department of Agriculture, in an address at the annual convention at Winnipeg of the Manitoba Horticultural Association. The possibility of growing plants without soil was not a new discovery, said Dr. Hill. Originally it was employed in experimental research, and the Division of Horticulture at Ottawa had used it for the last 20 years in studying the nutritional requirements of various horticultural crop plants, and in becoming familiar with the appearance of the plants when specific plant nutrients were lacking or inadequate.

Miraculous yields which sometimes had been claimed for soilless gardening, were neither miraculous or peculiar to the method. Extremely high yields were simply the result of lengthening the growing season, and that could not be done economically in soil or in soilless culture. Any plant which did not have a terminal type of flowering could grow indefinitely with an adequate supply of nutrients, provided it was not killed by insects or disease and did not have its life cut short by frost. Because the roots of plants were capable of absorbing and assimilating only food that was in solution, it did not matter whether soil or some other medium furnished that food.

A number of different terms, said Dr. Hill, have been applied to this system of growing plants, according to the medium employed and the technique adopted. Some of these terms were hydroponics, water culture, sand culture, gravel culture, chemical culture and soilless growth. These methods could be divided roughly into two groups — growing plants with the root system immersed in water in which the essential plant nutrients or chemicals had been dissolved, and growing plants with the root system supported in a solid medium, such as sand, cinders, or gravel, to which the necessary nutrients were added. The Division had adopted the second method, employing a solid medium on account of its greater simplicity and practicability. In water culture, the method consisted essentially of supporting the plants with their roots dipping into a tank or container of nutrient solution. In the production out of doors by the sand culture method, the beds or benches for the vegetables grown for the Royal Canadian Air Force at Labrador were of roughly built wooden benches 100 feet long, five feet wide, and 8 inches deep, raised on trestles two feet above ground. Six to eight inches of sand was sufficient for the majority of crops. Dr. Hill gave full details of the feeding and fertilizer formulae applicable to the various methods.

Aid For France

Lend-Lease Credits Have Been Extended By United States

The United States announced extension of lend-lease credits to France for civilian supplies totalling $2,575,000,000.

The supplies are to continue moving to the French under a broad new lend-lease agreement signed with the De Gaulle government, even after the end of the war, unless President Roosevelt decides to cancel the contracts as being not "in the national interest."

The French agreed to pay for the materials thus received on a 30-year basis, the credits to bear interest at 2⅜ per cent annually.

They cover a master lend-lease arrangement similar to those made with Great Britain, Russia and China, a reciprocal aid plan by which France agrees to devote its resources as far as possible to the Allied war effort.

HARDLY PAID

A three-cent stamp cost St. Joseph county $15. County commissioners before selling an old safe, called in a locksmith to make certain it contained nothing valuable. The locksmith retrieved the stamp—and submitted his bill for $15.

The Egyptians call molasses "black honey."

Help The ✚ Red Cross
"SALADA"
TEA

Developed RDX

Dr. George Wright, professor of chemistry, University of Toronto, who developed RDX, world's most powerful military explosive, in his laboratory. Recently he became a Canadian—and has been granted a permit for his shotgun, refused him before.

Red Cross Parcels

Prisoner Of War Tells How Medical Supplies Were A Life-Saver

"No donation of mine to the Red Cross will ever be casual because if it were not for the parcels which were sent to me during the three years I was a prisoner of war in Germany, I would not be here today," Dr. A. G. Henderson told an enthusiastic meeting of Canadian National Railways officers and employees in the C.N.R. station at Winnipeg.

"Canadian Red Cross parcels were the most acceptable to the war prisoners of any parcels, even from Britain and the United States," said Dr. Henderson, who, with his wife, became German prisoners after the torpedoing of the Zam Zam. "The medical supplies were a life saver, as none could be obtained in Germany and the clothes and books, apart from the food, served a most valuable purpose."

Dr. Henderson related how he lost 25 pounds in one month when he escaped from the prison camp to which he had been moved in France and no longer could get Red Cross parcels.

Stranded Fliers

Used American Slang For Code Signals To Attract Attention

Mysterious radio messages, picked up accidentally by an R.A.F. flier who mistook American slang for code signals, led to the rescue of 250 American and Allied airmen stranded behind the German lines in Yugoslavia, it was disclosed.

The stranded fliers, most of them Americans who had bailed out of crippled planes during previous raids on the Balkans, were assembled at a secret hide-out in German-held territory and trying to contact Allied headquarters in Italy by radio.

Lacking the R.A.F. code signals the men used ingeniously-phrased slang to notify headquarters of their situation without giving away their hideout to the Germans.

A British radio operator picked up one weak call while flying over Yugoslavia and finally decoded the SOS. Repeated flights were made over the same area and after a further interchange of messages a number of Allied bombers was sent to the scene to the rescue of the marooned men.

REASONABLE REQUEST

Dame May Whitty, the English actress, is almost 80 years old. She went into a New York department store, and the salesgirl who waited upon her was curt. The venerable lady kept her temper, especially since she knew that the salesgirl was aware of her identity. Finally she said to the salesgirl: "I suppose you feel you're as good as I am." "I certainly am," the salesgirl replied. "Yes, I'm as good as you are." "Then," said Dame May Whitty, "why can't you be civil to your equals?"

There is enough ice in Antarctica today to cover the entire globe with a layer 120 feet thick. 2611

The Beaver

Preservation Of The Beaver Is A Factor Of Importance

It might be appropriate to draw attention to the fact that the preservation of our beaver is also a factor of importance in its turn in the preservation of our forests. For the dams built by the beaver do a great deal to prevent a too rapid run off of the rainwater or the water from the melting snows of winter. They maintain ponds and protect the level of streams and so protect moisture for the trees and reserve for our power developments.

A few years ago two Algoma men who acted as guides for tourists were discussing routes with a party who wished to take a canoe trip. "Do you know," asked one, "if the beaver have been trapped out at such and such a spot?" And his companion replied that he believed they had been.

"Then there is no use," said the first guide, "in sending this party by that route; for if the beaver are gone there won't be enough water for the canoes."—Sault Ste. Marie Star.

Powerful Microscope

Has Been Installed At McGill University In Montreal

An electron microscope, capable of magnifying 50,000 times, was installed and tested at McGill University, and will be used in scientific study related directly to the war effort. The only other machine of its type in Canada is at the National Research Council at Ottawa.

The instrument, which weighs approximately three-quarters of a ton, is contained in a console cabinet standing about six and a half feet high. R.C.A. Victor engineers, who installed the microscope, said it was "a great vacuum tube, similar to those used in an ordinary radio set."

From A Man's Suit

By ANNE ADAMS

Make your new Spring suit! A cardigan is young, smart, and a cinch to sew—no collar to finish! Pattern 4897 includes instructions for making it from a man's suit.

Pattern 4897 comes in sizes 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18. Size 13 takes 2⅛ yards of 54-inch material.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man. Because of the slowness of the mails delivery of our patterns may take a few days longer than usual.

DOVER'S WHITE CLIFFS

The white chalk cliffs of Dover, England, are made up of fossilized shells of animals so small that more than a million are required to form a cubic inch of chalk.

Strained? Aching? Stiff?
pat on
SLOAN'S
LINIMENT

JUST "BY THE WAY"

Thursday, March 15 1945

GETTING BACK TO EARTH

MERRILY has the old sphere again spun out the period of time designated Winter. Hibernation must soon cease and we must get back to earth, so to speak.

Most of us are willing to let by-gones be by-gones as far as the 1944-45 Winter is concerned. For some it may have been a season of keen enjoyment along their favorite line of sport; others may have found it a period of doubtful inactivity when the various chores were caught up with daily, and there are several who have found the past winter a time that was filled with considerable anxiety, occasioned through the perplexing conditions of war.

Some during the inactivity of the winter schedule, found time to reflect and in so doing probably discovered the need for improvement in the casual scheme of life, as they see it. There are those debaters who love to sit on the "cracker barrel" or its more up-to-date counterpart, and expound until they are blue in the face, upon every phase of life with which they are (and often not) familiar. They have, of course, their full quota of listeners who may or may not agree with them, but they are so truly human, they love to get the low-down so that they may be able to pass along some choice piece of gossip that may be either of local, provincial or national nature.

And now it is time to shut off the "stove league" hot air, for "Old Man Labour" is beckoning to his followers to come "hitch your socks, gird your loins, for there is work a-plenty to attend to, pronto!"

There are some, of course, who have had to work the whole winter through, but in rural areas one finds a number for whom the winter is a time of quiet retreat or of reflection and perhaps a time for sport and chatter.

Tis good, then, that "Old Mother Earth" calls us back to attend to her wants, for in the following of the plow and skilful application to the various jobs attendant to agriculture, we are liable to be more content. Nor shall we have the opportunity afforded by the period of hibernation, for disgruntled hole-in-the-corner talks.

This is all to the good, so let's disembark from our flights of imagination and get back to solid earth.

IMPROVING OUR SCHOOLS

What the Teacher Expects of Trustees

THE teachers of Manitoba are aware of the responsibilities which a school trustee assumes on taking this important office. These responsibilities are numerous and demand a high type of public service and a devotion that may make up for any lack of experience on the part of those newly elected.

Teachers expect trustees to provide good accommodation and equipment. The little Red School House of yester-year is not enough. The modern curriculum demands libraries, shop-room, and proper health facilities for classrooms. These must be such as lend themselves to the educational and social intercourse between teacher and parents by way of parent-teacher organizations and community centres.

Trustees are expected to have some knowledge of modern educational trends in order that they may work co-operatively with the teacher to bring about the most efficient and effective use of the school plant.

To carry out such a social enterprise adequate funds must be available at all times. The greater part of this under the present set-up has to be raised by the trustees. This requires that they study new suggestions for financing education, such as Federal aid, greater Provincial aid, and new taxation methods in order that the full weight of trustee influence may be brought to bear on official bodies.

An educational system is only as good as the teachers who are expected to put it into operation. The trustees engage these trained people and are, therefore, expected to have an appreciation and understanding of the qualities which make a good teacher. This requires proper employer-employee relationships. Such teacher-problems as arrested pupil development, subnormal children, discipline, and a proper balance of academic and extra-curricular activities must be understood.

Only when this mutual understanding is complete will the goal of education be approached with stability and efficiency.

DAUPHIN LOCAL of the Manitoba Teachers' Society.

CANADIAN RED CROSS

(Continued from front page)

giving assistance to mothers where necessary, and generally relieving the weary travellers of heavy responsibilities.

When the mothers are handed over to us in Montreal by the Halifax VADs they are very tired. They have had a long trying trip under difficult circumstances and they are just tuckered out," Mrs. Whaley said.

One instance of the worries on an average trip—we were helping the harassed mother of four children all under four, when it was found that the eldest, little Dickie, was missing. This was about half an hour before they were to leave the train. After a frantic search, he was found tucked away in a corner playing by himself. That was really a desperate search."

Mothers are always appreciative of the service the Canadian Red Cross provides. They rave about the fine way they are treated on their arrival in Canada," stated Mrs. Whaley. This is just one of the peace-time requirements which is assuming large proportions in Red Cross plans.

Here are the men who are helping to put the drive over in such an efficient manner:

A. Aikman, S. Armstrong, E. Bates, Leon Black, E. Bergstrom, D. Cameron, H. Drake, A. Greeve, W. L. Johnson, H. Johnson, D. McInnes, W. J. Montgomery, J. M. McCrimmon, T. A. Noble, F. C. Norris, J. Orr, B. Poston, G. W. Sinclair, E. Swan, J. H. Walker, G. Wardell, A. Young, E. Lawrence, F. Lipsey, M. Cousins, Ted Chappie.

MATRIMONIAL

Sasseville—Lasek

The marriage of Frances Wanda, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Lasek, of Elkhorn, to Mr. Emile Sasseville, of Montreal, was solemnized at the bride's home on Monday, March 12th, at 4 p.m.

Rev. Dr. W. Wyman officiated and Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Lasek attended the bridal couple.

A few intimate friends and relatives were the only guests at the wedding dinner. Mr. and Mrs. Sasseville left later for Winnipeg and Toronto. They will reside in Montreal.

Another happy event of the afternoon was the christening of the son of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Lasek. Dr. Wyman performed the sacred rite and the given name was Leon Stanley.

Confusing Carnival And Campaign Funds

Confusion has been caused through the recent Red Cross Carnival—This carnival was put sponsored by the Red Cross Campaign Funds Committee, Women's Red Cross War Work Committee and the Mr. M. McCrimmon is President. The carnival funds are being used to a definitely understood purpose—the war work and continuing support of the Red Cross as required by the Red Cross Executive members of the Manitoba fund campaign for Northern Manitoba and Saskatchewan in the interests of the campaign.

The only strength to make us ultimately stronger than our enemies is strength in the moral sense.

Honesty that begins at home does not stop when you go to work.

If your pride gets hurt maybe it sticks out too much.

Children are more affected by the direction we take ourselves than by the correction we give them.

AN OPPORTUNITY

ABOUT 50 ACRES TELEGRAPHINE, MANITOBA

One of the largest companies selling principally to farmers, is ready to place a valuable contract, which will ensure complete independence for a man of integrity, who has the ability, intelligence, and character required that will withstand investigation, and proven ability to get ahead, to manage both himself and his own business. Financial knowledge are not extremely important but a car is necessary. Write the advertiser, P.O. Box 2216, Winnipeg, Man.

Butter and Egg Money

Traditionally, just as ministers' wives are supposed to get all the wedding fees, farmers' wives are supposed to get the butter and egg money, e... on dairy or poultry farms where nearly all the revenue comes from eggs and butter.

Farm women are good managers—they have to be—and they are the main support of the Dairy and Poultry Pools. By joining with their neighbors in forming these Pools, they get better prices and better service. Now it is suggested, by opponents of the co-operatives, that the savings made should be taken from the co-operatives by Income Tax collectors before they are paid to the members who have pooled their marketing to make these savings.

While the main attack of the private trade is directed against the prairie Wheat Pools, every co-operative in Canada will suffer if this attack should succeed.

MANITOBA POOL ELEVATORS
Wheat Pool Building
Winnipeg, Man.

KNOW YOUR FIGURE!

Before sending in your order form for dresses, foundation garments, coats, or suits look well to your figure. Consult the figure chart given on page 336 of your EATON Catalogue. Under which of the six classifications do you come? We list them briefly for you here:

(a) Juniors' Figure—A youthful figure 5' 3" and under in height.
(b) Misses' Figure—A youthful figure 5' 4" to 5' 9" in height.
(c) Little Women—The well-developed short figure, 5' 3" and under in height.
(d) Regular Women—The normal average figure, 5' 4" to 5' 9" in height.
(e) Short Full Figure—The short full-busted figure, 5' 3" and under in height.
(f) Full Figure—The large, erect, full-busted figure, 5' 4" to 6' in height.

For the better appearance resulting from properly fitting garments be figure-conscious before placing your order.

T. EATON Co. WINNIPEG CANADA

EATON'S

The World's News Seen Through
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
An International Daily Newspaper

is Truthful—Constructive—Unbiased—Free from Sensationalism—Editorials Are Timely and Instructive and Its Daily Features, Together with the Weekly Magazine Section, Make the Monitor an Ideal Newspaper for the Home.

The Christian Science Publishing Society
One, Norway Street, Boston, Massachusetts
Price $12.00 Yearly, or $1.00 a Month.
Saturday Issue, including Magazine Section, $2.60 a Year.
Introductory Offer, 6 Issues 25 Cents.

Name .....
Address .....

SAMPLE COPY ON REQUEST

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

His Red Cross Mother

FIGHTING through the mud and icy slush of flooded battlefields, our boys in the front line have learned to bless the tens of thousands of devoted women who labor as volunteer workers for the Red Cross.

Through five years of war, these Canadian "Blue Smock" workers have knitted hundreds of thousands of pairs of socks . . . made millions of other comforting articles of clothing—packed millions of Red Cross food parcels. Other specially-trained volunteer women serve as drivers, as nursing aides, as office workers and dietitians.

Freely giving their time and labor, these hard-working volunteers make your Red Cross dollars stretch farther. Thanks to their efforts, each dollar you give is *multiplied three times* in the value of food, clothing and medical supplies it buys.

GIVE—and give generously, to support their selfless work. Let your contribution to the Canadian Red Cross be the token of your thanks to these devoted women who serve in very truth, as "another mother" to your boy, or your friend or neighbor in the fighting line.

ELKHORN HEADQUARTERS

Mercury Office - - Phone 12

CANADIAN RED CROSS

Your Money is Needed as Never Before